Village of Farwell

Clare County, Michigan

Annual Financial Statements and Auditors' Report February 28, 2005





	iting F er P.A. 2 of 1				s Rep	ort						
Local Gov	ernment Type	e nshi	b △,	Village	☐ Other	Local Governm Village of					_{unty} lare	
Audit Date 2/28/05				Opinion 5/20 /			Date Accou	ıntant Report Submi	tted to State:	•		
We have accordar Financia	e audited t nce with the I Statement	ne S	Stateme	nts of	the Gover	rnmental Acco	unting Sta	nt and rendered ndards Board (igan by the Mich	GASB) and the	ne <i>Unifoi</i>	m Repo	
We affire		لممثل	مطام طافانده	. Dullo	tin for the	Audita of Local I	Units of Co	wammant in Mic	higan oc rovia	od		
	·							vemment in Mic	nigan as revis	eu.		
We furth		e fo	llowing.	"Yes"	-	ed to practice in have been disc	_	ne financial state	ements, includi	ng the no	tes, or ir	n the report of
You must	t check the	app	olicable	box for	each item	below.						
Yes	✓ No	1.	Certai	n comp	onent unit	s/funds/agencie	es of the lo	cal unit are excl	uded from the	financial	stateme	ents.
√ Yes	☐ No	2.		are ad 1980)		deficits in one	e or more	of this unit's un	reserved fund	balances	/retained	d earnings (P.A
Yes	✓ No	3.	There amend		istances of	f non-complian	ce with the	e Uniform Acco	ounting and Bu	udgeting	Act (P.A	v. 2 of 1968, a
Yes	✓ No	4.						ither an order i gency Municipal		the Muni	cipal Fir	nance Act or it
Yes	✓ No	5.				•		do not comply s amended [MC	-	requiren	nents. (F	P.A. 20 of 1943
Yes	√ No	6.	The lo	cal uni	t has been	delinquent in d	listributing	tax revenues that	at were collecte	ed for and	other tax	king unit.
Yes	√ No	7.	pensio	n bene	efits (norm	al costs) in the	current ye	equirement (Artic ear. If the plan in ht, no contribution	s more than 1	00% fund	ded and	the overfunding
Yes	✓ No	8.		ocal un 129.24		edit cards and	has not a	dopted an appl	icable policy a	as require	ed by P.	.A. 266 of 1999
Yes	✓ No	9.	The lo	cal uni	t has not a	dopted an inves	stment poli	cy as required b	y P.A. 196 of	1997 (MC	L 129.9	5).
We have	e enclosed	l the	follow	ing:					Enclosed		Be arded	Not Required
The lette	er of comm	ents	and re	comme	endations.				✓			
Reports	on individu	ıal fe	ederal fi	nancia	l assistanc	e programs (pro	ogram aud	its).				√
Single A	udit Repor	ts (A	(SLGU)									✓
1	ublic Account			•	Consulta	nte						
Street Add				11033				City Midland		State MI	ZIP 486	540
Accountage	gnature			<u> </u>	enne	n-	_			Date 9.	22	.05

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Village of Farwell List of Elected and Appointed Officials February 28, 2005

VILLAGE OFFICIALS

President

Steven Grim

Village Council

Dallas Agle

Allen Brewer

Gary Maki

Elton Marshall

Vicki Gunden

Delores Knepper

Clerk/ Treasurer

Sharon Crabtree

6018 Eastman Avenue Midland, MI 48640 Phone (989) 631-6060 / (800) 701-3574 Fax (989) 631-4288



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Village Council Village of Farwell Farwell, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, and each major fund of Village of Farwell as of and for the year ended February 28, 2005, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, and each major fund of Village of Farwell as of February 28, 2005 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1, the Village Council has implemented a new reporting model as required by the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – For State and Local Governments* and Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*, as of July 1, 2003.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information identified in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Village of Farwell's the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken

May 20, 2005

Midland, Michigan

Geof Geo, P.C.

Village of Farwell (the "Village"), Michigan is in its first year of implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34) with the enclosed financial statements. The Management's Discussion and Analysis, a requirement of GASB 34, is intended to be the Village's management's discussion and analysis of the financial results for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2005.

This is the first financial report presented in the format required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement Number 34 issued in June of 2000. Certain comparative information, ordinarily required, is not available the first year that the financial statements are prepared according to GASB 34 guidelines. Subsequent reports will include a prior year comparison of results.

Overview of Financial Statements

The annual report consists of four parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, the required supplementary information and other supplemental information. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) according to GASB 34 now requires the reporting of two types of financial statements: Government-wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Government-wide statements are new and provide a perspective of the Village as a whole. These statements use the full accrual basis of accounting similar to private sector companies. There are two Government-wide statements: The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Assets (page 4-1) combines and consolidates the governmental fund current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets, regardless of whether they are currently available or not.

Consistent with the full accrual basis method of accounting, the Statement of Activities (page 4-2) accounts for current year revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. The intent of this statement is to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the costs of various village services.

When analyzed together, the two statements help the reader determine whether the Village is financially stronger or weaker as a result of the year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflow of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year (fund balance).

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Village's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

The Village maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, major street and local street funds, each of which are considered to be a major fund.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

Proprietary Funds

The Village business-type activity consists of Water Fund and Sewer Fund. The Village provides treated water to the Village residents. The Village has revenue bond debt for water system wide improvements, which matures in 2019. The Village also provides municipal sanitary sewer to its residents. In 2005/2006 the Village will be constructing a new waste water treatment facility. The construction will be financed by USDA grant, revenue bonds and the Sewer Fund.

In 2005, the Village increased the water and sewer rates, the first time in twenty years. The increased sewer rates will help to pay for the new waste water treatment facility.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning budgetary information for the Village's major funds and other supplemental information concerning indebtedness information.

Financial Highlights

As discussed in further detail in this discussion and analysis, the following represents the most significant financial highlights for the year ended February 28, 2005.

Total net assets related to the Village's governmental activities are \$1,281,920. The unrestricted portion of net assets is \$837,079.

Tax revenues, the Village's largest revenue source, increased by \$24,290 from 2004. This is mainly attributed to an increase in property taxable values. State shared revenues, our second largest revenue source, increased by about \$11,226 from the State of Michigan this year.

The Village of Farwell as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of the current date and compared to the prior year:

,	Governmental			usiness-type		,
	Activities 2005			Activities 2005		Total 2005
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	562,823	\$	426,978	\$	989,801
Receivables		18,943		26,111		45,054
Due from other units of government		44,382		-		44,382
Due from other funds		140,389		-		140,389
Due from component unit		85,512		-		85,512
Capital assets, net		444,841		1,148,466		1,593,307
Total assets		1,296,890		1,601,555		2,898,445
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		6,677		406		7,083
Accrued and other liabilities		8,293		4,622		12,915
Due to other funds		-		140,389		140,389
Noncurrent liabilities				,		•
Due within one year		_		22,333		22,333
Due in more than one year		-		260,000		260,000
Total liabilities		14,970		427,750		442,720
Total net assets	\$	1,281,920	\$	1,173,805	<u>\$</u>	2,455,725

Village of Farwell net assets of governmental activities are \$1,281,920 and \$1,173,805 for business type activities; of these amounts \$837,079 (governmental) and \$260,340 (business-type) are unrestricted assets.

	Governmental Activities			usiness-type Activities		Total
Revenue						
Program revenue						
Charges for services	\$	43,266	\$	154,786	\$	198,052
General revenue:	•	.0,200	Ψ	104,700	Ψ	190,002
Property taxes		196,247		_		196,247
State-shared revenue		183,458		_		183,458
Interest		12,227		16,299		
Other revenue		212		5,736		28,526 5,948
				0,700		5,940
Total revenue		435,410		176,821		612,231
Program expenses						
General government		80,029		_		80,029
Public safety		20,702		-		20,702
Public works		252,902		_		252,902
Community and economic development		7,326		-		7,326
Recreation and culture		15,203		•		15,203
Interest on long-term debt		487		_		487
Water and sewer		-		228,203		228,203
Total program expenses		376,649	"	228,203		604,852
Change in net assets before transfers		58,761		(51,382)		7,379
Transfers		(9,040)		9,040		<u> </u>
Change in net assets	\$	49,721	\$	(42,342)	\$	7,379

Governmental Activities

The Village of Farwell total governmental activity revenues were \$435,410. There was a slight increase in State-shared revenue and property

Governmental activity expenditures of \$379,584 were recorded for the year. This represents a decrease from prior year of approximately \$11,000. The Village closely monitored its spending in all areas, including a freeze on capital projects and capital purchases.

Business Type Activities

The Village of Farwell total business-type activity revenues were \$176,821. This represents a decrease from prior year of approximately \$3,100,

Business-type activity expenditures of \$228,203 were recorded for the year. This amount is very consistent with prior year expenditures.

Village of Farwell Funds

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Village of Farwell as a whole. The Village Council creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as show accountability for certain activities, such as State of Michigan Act 51, Major and Local Street funds for 2005. The Farwell Village governmental major funds include General Fund, Major and Local Street Funds.

Functions relating to the general governmental activities of the Village, which are financed by property tax levies, by distribution of State revenues from fees charged for various municipal activities and services are recorded in the General Fund. This fund had an increased fund

b) Major and Local Street Funds

The State of Michigan provides municipalities revenues from gas and weight taxes to reimburse expenditures for the maintenance and construction of the local street system. The State requires that these expenditures be segregated into a Major Street component and a Local Street component. The Village uses these fund improvements for the Village street system, along with contributions from General Fund. Major Street Fund balance had a decrease of \$122,688 over 2004. This is mainly due to Superior Street improvement project done in

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Village's budgets are prepared in accordance with Michigan Law. The most significant budgeted funds are the General Fund, Major Street Fund and Local Street Fund. The funds budgets were amended during the year. As additional information became known during the fiscal year, budget amendments were made to recognize the additional revenue and/or planned expenditures related to various Village programs.

Differences between the original and final amended budgets were relatively minor.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At the end of 2005 the Village of Farwell has \$1,593,307 invested in a wide range of capital assets, including land, buildings, equipment, computer equipment, and water and sewer lines. The Village has seen a decline in bond debt, due to pay off of several bond issues; Storm Drain Improvements and 1974 Water Revenue.

Debt reported in these financial statements is related to 1979 Water Revenue Bonds and water system improvements and is reported as a liability on the statement of net assets.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following factors were considered in preparing the Village's budget for the 2005-2006 fiscal year:

• The State of Michigan has made significant cuts in their operating budgets due to a downturn in economy. For 2004-2005, the Village has received \$183,458 in state shared revenue, representing 42% of the revenue of the governmental funds. The amounts of the state shared revenues for future periods are uncertain and will affect the Village's budgets. Our budgets were prepared with these factors in mind and will need to be revised as needed.

Contacting the Village of Farwell Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the Village of Farwell finances and to show the Village's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Village Treasurer/Clerk office at Village of Farwell, Clare County, Michigan.

Village of Farwell Statement of Net Assets February 28, 2005

	Primary Government						Component Units			
	Governme Activitie			siness-type Activities		Total		LDFA	li	ndustrial Park
Assets									-	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 562,	823	\$	354,968	\$	917,791	\$	32,682	\$	-
Receivables								•		
Taxes	18,	943		359		19,302		-		_
Customers		-		25,752		25,752		_		_
Due from other units of government	44,	382		_		44,382		-		-
Internal balances	140,	389		(140,389)		-		-		_
Due from component unit Restricted assets	85,	512		-		85,512		-		-
Cash and cash equivalents		_		72,010		72,010		_		-
Capital assets, net	444,	841		1,148,466		1,593,307		_		-
Total assets	1,296,	390		1,461,166		2,758,056		32,682		_
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	6,0	677		406		7,083		-		_
Accrued and other liabilities	8,3	293		4,622		12,915		_		_
Accrued interest payable		-		2,333		2,333		-		-
Due to primary government Noncurrent liabilities		-		-		-		85,512		-
Due within one year		_		20,000		20,000		-		_
Due in more than one year				260,000		260,000		-		-
Total liabilities	14,9	70		287,361		302,331		85,512		-
Net Assets										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	444,8	341		868,466		1,313,307		-		-
Debt		_		45,000		45,000		-		_
Operation and maintenance		_		19,510		19,510		-		_
Replacement reserve		-		7,500		7,500		_		-
Unrestricted	837,0	79		233,329	_	1,070,408		(52,830)		_
Total net assets	<u>\$ 1,281,9</u>	20	\$	1,173,805	\$	2,455,725	\$	(52,830)	\$	_

Village of Farwell Statement of Activities For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

				Pı	rogra	m Revenu	ies							se) Revenue s in Net Ass		nd		
			_			perating		apital	_			y Governm				Jnits		
5 (D	_E	xpenses		harges for Services		ants and tributions	Gra Cont	nts and ributions	Go	vernmental Activities	Bus	siness-type Activities		Total		LDFA	In	dustrial Park
Functions/Programs Primary government Governmental activities General government Public safety Public works Community and economic development Recreation and culture Interest on long-term debt	\$	80,029 20,702 252,902 7,326 15,203 487	\$	43,266 - - - - -	\$		\$		\$	(36,763) (20,702) (252,902) (7,326) (15,203) (487)	\$	- - - - -	\$	(36,763) (20,702) (252,902) (7,326) (15,203) (487)	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -
Total governmental activities		376,649		43,266				-		(333,383)	-	-		(333,383)				
Business-type activities Sewer Water		99,572 128,631		49,199 105,587		-		•		-		(50,373) (23,044)	_	(50,373) (23,044)		-		- -
Total business-type activities		228,203	_	154,786						-		(73,417)		(73,417)		-		
Total primary government	\$	604,852	\$	198,052	\$	-	\$	•		(333,383)		(73,417)		(406,800)		-		-
Component unit Local Development Finance Authority Industrial Park	\$	3,206	\$	-	\$		\$	-		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>		(3,206)		-
Total component units	\$	3,206	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		-		-		-		(3,206)		-
	F S U S	neral reve Property ta State share Inrestricted Sale of prop Iiscellaned Insfers	xes ed re d inv perty	venue vestment e	arnin	gs				196,247 183,458 12,227 - 212 (9,040)		- - 16,299 - 5,736 9,040		196,247 183,458 28,526 - 5,948		6,793 - - 30,406 - (52,857)		- - - - - 52,857
		Total gen	eral	revenues	and t	ransfers				383,104		31,075		414,179	_	(15,658)		52,857
	Cha	ange in ne	t as	sets						49,721		(42,342)		7,379		(18,864)		52,857
	Net	assets - t	egir	nning of ye	ar				1	1,232,199	1	,216,147		2,448,346		(33,966)		(52,857)
	Net	assets - e	end o	of year				;	\$ 1	1,281,920	<u>\$ 1</u>	,173,805	\$ 2	2,455,725	\$	(52,830)	\$	

Village of Farwell Governmental Funds Balance Sheet February 28, 2005

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
				Special Re	venu	e Funds		
Assets		General		Major Street		Local Street	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Taxes	\$	335,151 15,675	\$	189,409 1,634	\$	38,263 1,634	\$	562,823
Due from other units of government Due from other funds Due from component unit		26,278 140,389 85,512		13,879 - -		4,225 - -		18,943 44,382 140,389 85,512
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	603,005	\$	204,922	\$	44,122	-	852,049
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities	\$	6,246 6,402	\$	211 1,012	\$	220 879	\$	6,677 8,293
Total liabilities		12,648		1,223		1,099		14,970
Fund Balances Unreserved Designated for: Future unemployment claims								. 1,070
Equipment purchases		19,927		-		-		19,927
Village lighting		45,849		-		-		45,849
Village office		22,924		-		-		22,924
Unreserved, reported in: General fund		10,462		-		-		10,462
Special revenue funds		491,195 -		203,699		- 43,023		491,195 246,722
Total fund balances		590,357		203,699		43,023		837,079
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	603,005	\$	204,922	\$	44,122	\$	852,049

Village of Farwell Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Assets of Governmental Activities February 28, 2005

Total fund balances for governmental funds		
Total net assets for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:	\$	837,079
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		444.044
Net assets of governmental activities		444,841
	<u>\$</u>	1,281,920

Village of Farwell Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

	Special Revenue Funds									
Revenues		General	Major Street		Local Street	Go	vernmenta Funds Total			
Taxes Licenses and permits	\$	162,259	\$ 16,994	¢	40.004	•				
State revenue sharing	·	260	Ψ 10,994 -	Ф	16,994	\$	196,247			
Interest income		83,828	78,347		24 202		260			
Rental income		6,769	4,143		21,283		183,458			
Other revenue		43,006	-, I-O		1,315		12,227			
- mer revenue		212	-		<u>-</u>		43,006			
Total revenues							212			
		296,334	99,484		39,592		435,410			
Expenditures										
Current										
General government										
Public safety		71,685	-		-		71,685			
Public works		20,702	-		-		20,702			
Community and economic development		115,398	56,915		47,018		219,331			
Recreation and culture		7,326	•		-		7,326			
Other functions		12,705	-		-		12,705			
Capital outlay		7,069			-		7,069			
Debt service		10,351	157,014		-		167,365			
Principal retirement		0.005								
Interest and fiscal charges		2,935 71	8,047		9,025		20,007			
Total expenditures			196		220		487			
Total expenditures		248,242	222,172		56 262		F00 077			
			, 112		56,263	_	526,677			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		48,092								

Village of Farwell Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

·				
	-	Special Reve	nue Funds	
Other financing uses Transfers out	General	Major Street	Local Street	Governmental Funds Total
Net change in fund balance	(9,040)			(9,040)
Fund balance - beginning of year	39,052	(122,688)	(16,671)	(100,307)
Fund balance - end of year	551,305	326,387	59,694	937,386
- Jour	<u>\$ 590,357</u> <u>\$</u>	203,699 \$	43,023	\$ 837,079

Village of Farwell Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

(37,344) 167,365
20 007
<u>20,007</u> 49,721
_

Village of Farwell Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets February 28, 2005

		Enterprise Funds					
Assets	Sewer	Water	Total				
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	ф <u>Э</u> Е4	000 € 054000				
Receivables	-	\$ 354	,968 \$ 354,968				
Taxes	_		359 359				
Customers	- 14,13	0 11	359 359 ,622 25,752				
Total augment accepts			25,752				
Total current assets	14,13	0366,	<u>,949</u> <u>381,079</u>				
Noncurrent assets							
Restricted assets							
Cash and cash equivalents		70	010 70 040				
Capital assets, net	547,96		,010 72,010 ,497 1,148,466				
Total management		<u> </u>	1,140,400				
Total noncurrent assets	547,96	<u> </u>	507 1,220,476				
Total assets	E62.00	0 4.000					
	562,09	<u>9</u> <u>1,039,</u>	<u>456</u> <u>1,601,555</u>				

Village of Farwell Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets February 28, 2005

	Enterprise Funds				
Liabilities	Sewer	Water	Total		
Current liabilities	-	- Trator	Total		
Accounts payable					
Accrued and other liabilities	406	_	40		
Due to other funds	2,453	2,169	4,62		
Due to component unit	140,389	-,	140,38		
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities	-	-	1-10,50		
Total current liabilities		20,000	20,00		
	143,248	20.400			
Noncurrent liabilities		22,169	165,41		
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets					
Revenue bonds payable					
Accrued interest payable	-	260,000	260,000		
Total noncurrent liabilities		2,333	2,333		
Total liabilities	<u> </u>	262,333	262,333		
Total liabilities	112 242		202,000		
Vet Assets	143,248	284,502	427,750		
nvested in capital assets, net of related debt					
restricted tot:	547,969	320,497	868,466		
Debt		020,101	000,400		
Operation and maintenance	-	45,000	45,000		
Replacement reserve	-	19,510	19,510		
nrestricted	-	7,500	7,500		
Total net assets	(129,118)	362,447	233,329		
	\$ 418,851 \$	754.054			
	* +10,001 \$	754,954 \$	1,173,805		

Village of Farwell Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

		Enterprise Funds					
Operating revenue Customer fees	Sewer	Water	Total				
Connection fees Rental income Other revenue	\$ 46,394 2,805 1,536	989 4.200	3,794 4,200				
Total operating revenue			1,536				
Operating expenses Personnel services	50,735	109,787	160,522				
Supplies Contractual services Jtilities	23,954 918	29,016 3,444	52,970 4,362				
Repairs and maintenance Other expenses Depreciation	4,998 17,249 19,008 33,445	700 18,586 7,637 18,655 35,760	700 23,584 24,886 37,663 69,205				
Total operating expenses Operating loss	99,572	113,798	213,370				
,	(48,837)	(4,011)	(52,848)				

Village of Farwell Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

	Enterprise Funds					
Nonoperating revenue (expenses)	Sewer	Water	Total			
Interest income Interest expense	9,121	7,178 (14,833)	16,299 (14,833)			
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	9,121	(7,655)	1,466			
Loss before contributions and transfers	(39,716)	(11,666)	(51,382)			
Transfers in		9,040	9,040			
Change in net assets	(39,716)	(2,626)	(42,342)			
Net assets - beginning of year	458,567	757,580	1,216,147			
Net assets - end of year	\$ 418,851 \$	754,954 \$	1,173,805			

Village of Farwell Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

	Business-typ	e Activities - Ent	erprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers	Sewer	Water	Total
Receipts from other funds Payments to other funds Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 40,204 214 (151,540) (41,791) (23,954)	\$ 110,825 13,512 - (49,251) (29,016)	\$ 151,029 13,726 (151,540 (91,042 (52,970
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Transfer from other funds	(176,867)	46,070	(130,797
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Purchases/construction of capital assets		9,040	9,040
Principal and interest paid on long-term debt	(138,884)	(35,000)	(138,884 (35,000
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities Cash flows from investing activities Interest received	(138,884)	(35,000)	(173,884
Net cash provided by investing activities	9,121	7,178	16,299
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	9,121 (306,630)	7,178 27,288	16,299
ash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	306,630	399,690	(279,342) 706,320
ash and cash equivalents - end of year	<u>\$ -</u> <u>\$</u>	426,978	426,978

Village of Farwell Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

	!	rise Funds		
		Sewer	Water	Total
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 .	_		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(48,837)	\$ (4,011) \$	(52,848)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	·	` ' '	. (), = 1), ,	(,,
from operating activities				
Depreciation and amortization expense		33,445	35,760	69,205
Changes in assets and liabilities		00,110	00,700	00,200
Receivables (net)		(10,531)	1,038	(9,493)
Due from other funds		`´214´	13,512	13,726
Accounts payable		168	(391)	(223)
Accrued and other liabilities		214	162	376
Due to other funds		(151,540)		(151,540)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(176,867)	6 46,070 \$	(130,797)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting entity

Village of Farwell is governed by an elected seven-member Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legal separate entities, in substance, they are part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government (see discussion below for description).

Discretely Presented Component Units – The component units' columns in the entity wide financial statements include the financial data of the Local Development Finance Authority (LDFA) and the Industrial Park. These units are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the Village. The LDFA and the Industrial Park serve all the citizens of the government and are governed by a board comprised of the Village's elected Council. The LDFA and the Industrial Park do not issue any other form of financial statements except as contained in the Village of Farwell annual financial statements.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Government activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially

accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to

be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Major and Local Street Funds account for the resources of state gas and weight tax revenue that are restricted for use on Major and Local Streets.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund and the Sewer Fund account for the activities of the water distribution system and sewage collection system.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance

for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of our proprietary funds, relate to charges to customers for water sales and services and sewage disposal. The Water and Sewer Fund also recognizes tap fees intended to recover current costs (i.e., labor and materials to hook up new customers) as operating revenue. Connection fees intended to recover the cost of the infrastructure is recognized as nonoperating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of water, sewage disposal, operations and maintenance, general and administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

Deposits and investments – Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and payables – In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are levied on each July 1st on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1st of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The 2004 taxable valuation of the government totaled \$16,562,405, on which ad valorem taxes consisted of 11.0841 mills for operating purposes. This resulted in \$183,572 for operating expenses, exclusive of any Michigan Tax Tribunal or Board of Review adjustments.

Restricted assets – Certain revenue bonds of the Enterprise Funds require amounts to be set aside for a bond reserve. These amounts have been classified as restricted investments.

Capital assets – Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed. The amount reported for infrastructure only includes assets added beginning fiscal year ended February 28, 2005.

The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations the government values these capital assets at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of its donation.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Compensated absences — It is the Village's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. All liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a

results of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-term obligations – In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

Fund equity – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Comparative data

Comparative data is not included in the Village's financial statements.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary information

The Village is subject to the budgetary control requirements of the Uniform Budgeting Act (P.A. 621 of 1978, as amended). Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The budget document presents information by fund, activity, department, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the activity level. The Village Clerk is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items within an activity; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of an activity must be approved by the Village Council.

Amounts encumbered for purchase orders, contracts, etc. are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent when goods are received or services rendered.

Deficit fund equity

The LDFA component unit of the Village is currently operating under a deficit fund balance. The deficit has been financed by advances from the General Fund. It is the intention of the Village to repay the General Fund as lots are sold in the Industrial Park.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91 authorizes the Village to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States. United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers acceptance of United States Banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or any of its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The governing body has designated two banks for the deposit of local unit funds. The investment policy adopted by the Board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in bonds and securities of the United States government and bank accounts and certificates of deposit, but not the remainder of State statutory authority as listed above.

	Cash and Cash Equivalents		Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	562,823 354,968	\$	- 72,010
Total primary government		917,791		72,010
Component unit		32,682		-
Total	\$	950,473	\$	72,010

The breakdown between deposits and investments is as follows:

	Primary Government		Component Unit	
Bank deposits (checking and savings accounts, certificates of deposit)	\$	989,776	\$	32,682
Petty cash and cash on hand		25		
	<u>\$</u>	989,801	\$	32,682

Deposits

The bank balance was \$ 1,023,021 at year end. Of the bank balance, \$ 232,682 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$ 790,339 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Since the component unit participates in the government's common cash, the federal depository insurance is not specifically allocated to their balance.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity of the primary government for the current year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance	
Governmental activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$:	57,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57,000
Capital assets being depreciated								
Infrastructure		-		157,014		_		157,014
Buildings, additions and improvements	23	39,798		_		-		239,798
Machinery and equipment	14	2,219		10,351		-		152.570
Vehicles	21	2,902			_	_		212,902
Total capital assets being depreciated	59	4,919		167,365				762,284
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Infrastructure		_		1,309		_		1,309
Buildings, additions and improvements	11	1,122		6,975		_		118,097
Machinery and equipment		3.142		8,635				91,777
Vehicles		2,835		20,425		_		163,260
				20,120				103,200
Total accumulated depreciation	33	7,099		37,344		-		374,443
Net capital assets being depreciated	25	7,820		130,021				387,841
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 31	4,820	\$	130,021	\$		\$	444,841

Business-type activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated Land				
Construction in progress	\$ 155,844 -	\$ 8,000 130,883	\$ -	\$ 163,844 130,883
Total capital assets not being depreciated	155,844	138,883		294,727
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings, additions and improvements	8,265	-	-	8,265
Machinery and equipment	51,429	.	-	51,429
Water system	1,361,812	-	_	1,361,812
Sewer system	1,270,408		<u>-</u> _	1,270,408
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,691,914		-	2,691,914
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings, additions and improvements	4,090	169	_	4,259
Machinery and equipment	39,479	1,685	_	41,164
Water system	743,730	35,591		779.321
Sewer system	981,671	31,760		1,013,431
Total accumulated depreciation	1,768,970	69,205	-	1,838,175
Net capital assets being depreciated	922,944	(69,205)		853,739
Business-type capital assets, net	\$ 1,078,788	\$ 69,678	<u> </u>	\$ 1,148,466

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities		
General government	\$	1,275
Public works		33,571
Recreation and culture		2,498
Total governmental activities		37,344
Business-type activities		
Sewer		33,445
Water		35,760
Total business-type activities		69,205
Total primary government	<u>\$ 1</u>	106,549

Commitments

The Village will be constructing a new waste water treatment facility during next fiscal year. The construction will be financed by a grant from the United States Department of Agriculture, revenue bonds secured by sewer revenue and by sewer receipts. No construction has been started as of February 28, 2005.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLE, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Due to/from other funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_ Amount	
General	Sewer Fund	\$ 140,389	Reimbursement of expenditures paid by the General Fund

Due to/from primary government and component units

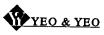
Entity	Entity	_A	mount
Primary government	Component unit		
General	LDFA	\$_	85,512

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

The details for interfund transfers are as follows:

Funds Transferred From	Funds Transferred To	 Amount
General	Water Fund	\$ 9,040

Transfers are used to move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs.



NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The government issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific Long-term obligation activity is summarized as follows:

Governmental activities Note payable		Amount of Issue	Maturity Date	Interest Rate Ranges	 Principal Maturity Ranges	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Storm Drain Improvements Business-type activities Bonds payable	\$	140,044	2005	5%	\$ 20,006	\$ 20,006	<u> </u>	\$ 20,006	\$	\$
General obligation bonds Water Revenue Bonds	\$	540,000	1/1/2019	5%	\$ 20,000	\$ 300,000	<u>\$</u>	\$ 20,000	\$ 280,000	
Annual debt service requireme	ents to	maturity f	on the second						<u>¥</u> 280,000	\$ 20,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above obligations are as follows:

Year Ending February 28,	ernmei ncipal	tivities terest		Business-ty Principal		Activites Interest
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011-2015 2016-2020	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$	20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 100,000 80,000	\$	14,000 13,000 12,000 11,000 10,000 35,000 10,000
	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	280,000	<u>\$ 1</u>	05,000

NOTE 7 - NET ASSETS

The balances of the restricted assets accounts in the Enterprise Funds are as follows:

Water Fund - Bond and Interest Redemption Reserves

The Water Fund bond ordinances require a portion of the user fee to be set aside in a reserve sufficient to provide for the payment of one half of the next interest payment due and one half of the next principal payment due on the 1979 bonds. This reserve has accumulated in the amount of \$13,500.

Water Fund - Bond Reserve

The Water Fund bond ordinances require minimum reserves to be set aside to the extent the fund reaches \$31,500 to be used for bond and interest redemption. This reserve has accumulated in the amount of \$31,500.

Water Fund - Operation and Maintenance Reserves

The Water Fund bond ordinances require a portion of the user fee to be set aside in a reserve sufficient to provide for the payment of the next quarter's current expenses or administration and operation of the water system. This reserve has accumulated in the amount of \$19,510.

Water Fund - Replacement Reserves

The Water Fund bond ordinances require a portion of the user fee to be set aside in a reserve to the extent the fund reaches \$7,500 to be used solely for the purpose of making major repairs and replacements to the water system. This reserve has accumulated in the amount of \$7,500.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The government has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

The Village has a defined contribution pension plan that covers certain employees of the Village. The full-time employee is eligible to participate after 90 days of service. The Village contributed \$3,500 and \$3,500 per employee for the years ended February 28 2005and February 29, 2004 respectively. The total pension expense amounted to \$14,046 and \$14,000 for the years ended February 28, 2005 and February 29, 2004 respectively.

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Village of Farwell Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

Revenues	 Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Taxes Property taxes Penalties and interest Administration fee Licenses and permits State revenue sharing Interest income Rental income Other revenue Total revenues	\$ 132,175 250 1,600 200 90,000 7,000 30,000 630	250 1,600 200 90,000 7,000 30,000 630	1,087 1,842 260 83,828 6,769 43,006 212	
Expenditures General government Township board Manager Accounting Clerk Audit Treasurer Elections Attorney	22,830 6,995 750 35,440 5,000 600 1,300 4,000	25,130 6,995 750 39,440 5,000 3,100 1,300 5,900	296,334 10,814 7,501 528 38,535 4,594 3,302 545 5,866	34,479 (14,316) 506 (222) (905) (406) 202 (755) (34)
Total general government Public safety Police	 76,915 24,000	24,000	71,685 20,702	(15,930)

Village of Farwell Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

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	Budgeted A	mounts		Actual Over (Under)
Dollar	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Public works Department of public works Street lighting	132,412 20,200	134,112 20,200	102,664 12,734	(31,448)
Total public works	152,612			(7,466
Community and economic development Zoning	132,012	154,312	115,398	(38,914)
Recreation and culture		7,400	7,326	(74)
Parks and recreation	16,400	16,400	12,705	(2.605)
Other functions			12,700	(3,695)
Insurance and bonds Capital outlay	6,300	7,100	7,069	(31)
Debt service	12,000	12,000	10,351	(1,649)
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	3,000 500	3,000 3,000	2,935 71	(65) (2,929)
Total debt service	3,500	6,000	3,006	
Transfers out	19,040	19,040	9,040	(2,994) (10,000)
Total expenditures	310,767	333,867	257,282	(76,585)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(48,912)	(72,012)	39,052	
Fund balance - beginning of year	551,305	551,305	•	111,064
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 502,393 \$	479,293 \$	551,305 590,357	111,064

Village of Farwell Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Street Fund For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

Revenues Taxes		Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final		Actual	0	Actual ver (Under) Final Budget
State revenue sharing Interest income Transfers in	\$	14,800 47,800 10,000 10,000	\$ 14,800 47,800 10,000 10,000))	16,994 78,347 4,143	\$	2,194 30,547 (5,857) (10,000)
Total revenues		82,600	82,600		99,484		16,884
Expenditures Current Public works Capital outlays Debt service		46,514 -	59,808 158,000	•	56,915 157,014		(2,893) (986)
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Transfers out		10,000 1,000 6,100	10,000 1,000 6,100		8,047 196		(1,953) (804) 6,100
Total expenditures		63,614	234,908		222,172		(12,736)
Excess of revenues (deficiency) over expenditures		18,986	(152,308)		(122,688)		29,620
Fund balance - beginning of year		326,387	326,387		326,387		
und balance - end of year	<u>\$</u>	345,373	174,079	<u>\$</u>		\$	29,620

Village of Farwell Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Local Street Fund For the Year Ended February 28, 2005

Revenues Taxes		Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	 Actual	Ov	Actual er (Under) Final Budget
Federal grants State revenue sharing	\$	162,425 -	\$ 13,600	\$ 16,994	\$	3,394
Interest income Transfers in		153,300 19,000 32,200	15,500 2,000 22,200	21,283 1,315		5,783 (685)
Total revenues	_	366,925	53,300	 00.500		(22,200
Expenditures Current Public works			==,000	 39,592		(13,708)
Capital outlay Debt service Principal retirement		140,470 12,000	60,556 -	47,018		(13,538)
Interest and fiscal charges		24,500 3,000	11,500 1,500	9,025		(2,475)
Total expenditures		179,970	73,556	<u>220</u>		(1,280)
Excess of revenues (deficiency) over expenditures		186,955	(20,256)	56,263 (16,671)		(17,293)
und balance - beginning of year		59,694	59,694	59,694		3,585
und balance - end of year	\$	246,649 \$	39,438	\$ 43,023 \$		3,585

Village of Farwell Other Supplemental Information Schedule of Indebtedness February 28, 2005

Description	Interest Rate	Date of Maturity		mount of Annual Maturity	Interest Due July 1,	<u>J</u>	Interest Due anuary 1,		Total
Business-type actvities Water Fund 1979 Issue Amount of issue - \$ 540,000	5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00%	2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	\$ \$	20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000	\$ 7,000 6,500 6,000 5,500 5,000 4,500 4,000 3,500 2,500 2,000 1,500 1,000 500	\$	7,000 6,500 6,000 5,500 5,000 4,500 4,000 3,500 2,500 2,000 1,500 1,000 500	\$ \$	34,000 33,000 32,000 31,000 29,000 28,000 27,000 26,000 25,000 24,000 23,000 22,000 21,000 385,000

NOTE: Bonds maturing in the years from 2004 to 2019 are callable.



May 20, 2005

Village Council
Village of Farwell
Clare County, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Village of Farwell, Michigan (Village) for the year ended February 28, 2005, we considered the Village's internal controls to plan our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, and not to provide assurance on internal control structure.

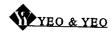
However, during our audit, we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. This letter does not affect our report dated May 20, 2005, on the financial statements of Village of Farwell, Michigan.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various Village personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Midland, Michigan

Yeo & Yeo, P.C.

May 20, 2005



RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS:

BANK RECONCILIATIONS

1) Cash accounts have not been reconciled during 2004.

Recommendation

Proper and timely reconciliation is a necessary step in maintaining up-to date and accurate accounting data. Monthly reconciliation will enable the Village to correct errors and discrepancies on a timely basis. Also it will properly and accurately state the account on the monthly financial statements, which are presented to the Council.

To further strengthen this process, bank reconciliations should be reviewed on a monthly basis by someone independent of the reconciliation process, such as board member.

This recommendation has been implemented.

2) Bank statements are directly received by the Treasure/Clerk, who is responsible for the reconciliation. Since this person is also involved in the purchasing, check preparation, cash bookkeeping process and has the authority to sign checks, this is not considered optimal. This lack of segregation of duties could create a potential for possible assets misappropriation.

Recommendation

We understand that the number of employees is very limited, but to better segregate duties we recommend that a board member receives unopened bank statements directly from the bank, review all cancelled checks and the monthly activity and then forward it for reconciliation.

This recommendation has been implemented. To further strengthen the controls in place we recommend that monthly bank reconciliations are reviewed by appropriate level of management and the approval is indicated in writing.

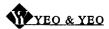
BANK DEPOSITS

1) Upon our review of the cash receipts journal and the bank statement for fiscal year 2004 we have noted unreasonable time delays between when revenue payments are received in the office and taken to the bank for deposits. Payments are collected at the office on a daily basis and in many instances large checks are received, such as from State of Michigan. The checking account used is an interest bearing account and by not making timely deposits the Village is not only loosing interest revenue, but also exposing itself to possible theft.

Recommendation

Payments should be taken to the bank at minimum three times per week. If the Village receives large revenue checks they should be taken to the bank the same day. This way the Village will maximize it's interest earning potential and minimize the risk of losing the assets.

This recommendation has been implemented.



2) Currently the Village was using several deposit books, which complicates the bank reconciliation process.

Recommendation

We recommend for the Village to reduce the number of deposit books to one. The deposit book should mirror the cash receipt book and receipts should be recorded in numerical order to further simplify the bank reconciliation process.

This recommendation has been implemented.

COMPUTER BACK-UPS

Currently the Village data is backed up at least on a weekly basis, however the back-up disk are stored in the office in a desk drawer. In an event of fire or any other damage this data will be lost.

Recommendation

To prevent any data loss, computer back-ups should be stored in the fire-proof safe, which is located in the Village office. Once a week a back-up disk should be taken out of the building and stored offsite. Also the disks used for back-ups should be rotated anytime new back-up is made of Village data.

This recommendation has been implemented.

DISBURSEMENTS

 Currently the Council approves a printout of a monthly check register at their monthly meeting, but they do not review the actual invoices.

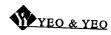
Recommendation

Since the Treasurer/Clerk is involved in each step of the disbursement process we recommend the Council review original invoices when approving a monthly check register at their meetings. The invoices should be reviewed to assure the expenses are appropriate for the Village and that they are paid timely.

We also recommend that the Council consider approving monthly expenses before the checks are prepared and mailed to various vendors. This would strengthen the internal control process currently in place.

Currently a Council member reviews original invoices, however there is no formal evidence of the approval. We recommend the approval to be noted in writing on the original invoice. This recommendations has been implemented subsequent to our audit.

2) During our review of the fiscal year check register we have also noted that the majority of accounts payable checks are processed on the last day of the month. This creates an extremely large outstanding check list at the end of each month, since there is no time for these checks to clear the bank statement. The large outstanding check list makes the bank reconciliation process extremely tedious and time consuming.



Recommendation

We recommend establishing a check cutoff date each month (approximately 10 to 7 days before month end). At this time the Village would process the majority of the accounts payable checks. By doing so, this would allow checks enough time to clear that month's bank statement and considerably simplify the bank reconciliation process.

This recommendation has been implemented.

3) Currently the Village requires two signatures on each check. However we have noted during our disbursement procedures that the first signer pre-signs checks in advance. The reason for two signatures is that there are two individuals reviewing and approving payment of the expense. Pre-signing checks defeats the purpose of this internal control and creates potential for assets misappropriation.

Recommendation

Checks should be only signed at the time they are printed and ready to be mailed. When signing checks both signers should compare the checks to the supporting documentation for agreement of payee, amount and other pertinent information when signing the checks and that person's approval should also be indicated on the supporting documentation.

This recommendation has been implemented.

RECEIPT TESTING

During our testing of 25 receipts for the period March 1, 2003 through February 29, 2004 we have noted the following:

- 4 receipts had incorrect general ledger account number coding
- 2 receipts had inadequate supporting documentation
- 1 receipt had no deposit slip

Recommendation

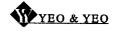
When coding receipts general ledger account number accuracy is an important step to properly record revenue to accurately show different aspects of company operations.

Supporting documentation such as copy of the check, letters, deposit slips, etc. should be maintained and adequately so they are available during audit time and for any follow up questions in the future.

We noted no exceptions during current year audit.

SUNOCO CREDIT CARD USAGE

Currently there are three employees who are able to use this credit card. The monthly credit card statements are not reviewed for reasonableness and receipts for gas purchases are not required to be turned in to the Village.



Recommendation

Monthly Sunoco credit card statements should be reviewed for reasonableness by appropriate level of management. Also a procedure should be established, which will require the users of the card to turn in receipts for the gas purchases. The receipt should identify the individual purchasing the gas and the vehicle the gas was purchased for. This procedure would reduce the potential for possible credit card abuse.

New credit card statements are currently received, which identify the individual purchasing the gas and the vehicle the gas was purchased for. However these statements are not reviewed by the appropriate level of management for accuracy and reasonableness.

WINTER METER READINGS

Meters are not read during winter months. The usage is only estimated.

Recommendation

Since meters are located inside each residence or building we recommend that they be read even during winter months, especially for business customers. This will eliminate various adjustments, which are necessary to properly adjust the water/sewer billing system to reflect the actual usage over that time and also save significant amount of time, which is necessary to process these adjustments.

This recommendation has <u>not</u> been implemented.

PAYROLL

1) During our review of payroll transactions it was noted that the office personnel periodically pay themselves early and those days are included in the pay period they are getting paid for.

Recommendation

The Village has established payroll dates. These dates should be followed for each Village personnel and no exceptions are recommended. To pay employees for time not worked is discouraged and it is not considered an appropriate business practice.

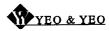
This recommendation has been implemented.

2) Approval of Council members wages was not noted in the board minutes.

Recommendation

Items such as authorized wages, bonuses, wages increase, miscellaneous pay should be approved by the board and the approval should be noted in the board minutes.

This recommendation has been implemented.



CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY

During our review of Village procedures we have noted that the "Conflict of Interest Policy" has not been adopted.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Village adopts "Conflict of Interest Policy" that specifies that personnel in a position of trust are not related to each other; employees are prohibited from having business dealings with companies affiliated with, or acting as major customers or suppliers of, the governmental unit; transactions with officials of the government unit are adequately controlled and disclosed in the records; and such transactions only occur in the normal course of business and are legally authorized.

This recommendation has <u>not</u> been implemented.

JOB RESPONSIBILITIES CROSS-TRAINING

Currently there is nobody who performs or can perform the Treasurer/Clerk's job when that individual takes time off.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Village train other personnel the basic functions of the Treasurer/Clerk's job, so there is a back up when that individual is on vacation or takes time off. This will also serve as a good internal control, because there will be somebody else performing the job during that time so the opportunity for fraud would be reduced.

This recommendation has not been implemented.

